

#### Republic of Botswana

## 8. Operating Theatre and Anaesthetic Services

These forms are designed to be used by both hospital personnel and external surveyors. The following information must be provided after each survey, before submitting the completed survey forms.

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1.NAME OF HOSPITAL/CLINIC/FACILITY:	
2. BASELINE/INTERNAL SURVEY INFORMATION	_
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	cument:
Date of survey:	
3. EXTERNAL SURVEY INFORMATION:	
Name of external surveyor:	
GUIDE TO CO	OMPLETION OF FORM
N.B. Hospital staff are please to use BLACK in	nk at all times. The external surveyors are requested to
use RED ink at all times.	
Please circle the rated compliance with the crit	terion, e.g. NA (Not applicable), NC (Non-compliant), PC
(Partially compliant), C (Compliant).	
The default category affected is designated on	the form for
each criterion as follows:	
patient and staff safety	
2. legality	
<ul><li>3. patient care</li><li>4. efficiency</li></ul>	
5. structure	
6. basic management	
7. basic process	
8. evaluation	
The seriousness of the default is designated o	n the
form for each criterion as follows:	
1. mild	
moderate     serious	
4. very serious	
very conlead	
	December 21 1 1
	Documents Checked
	Surveyor:
	Surveyor:

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### 8.1 Management and Staffing

#### 8.1.1 Standard

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The operating theatre and anaesthetic service is managed and staffed to provide a safe and effective service.

Standard Intent: Theatre management personnel work with organisational leaders to ensure adequate and suitable management processes and staffing of the theatre, anaesthetic service and recovery room.

The qualifications of those persons who administer anaesthesia in the clinic/healthcare centre are documented in accordance with current professional society standards. There may not be a formally constituted theatre users' committee, but the function must be performed at some level. Representatives of the theatre nursing staff should be included.

Privileges assigned to individuals may not be documented, but the organisation places restrictions on who may administer anaesthetics.

	Criterion	Comments
		Recommendations
Criterion 8.1.1.1  Critical:  Catg: Basic Management + Efficiency  Compliance  NA NC PC C  Default Severity for NC or PC = 3 Serious	A senior professional, who is suitably qualified and/or experienced, is in charge of the theatre and recovery area.	
Criterion 8.1.1.2  Critical:  Catg: Basic Management + Efficiency  Compliance  NA NC PC C  Default Severity for NC or PC = 3 Serious	Operating theatre rosters ensure that registered nurses with suitable qualifications and/or experience are present during all shifts, for theatre duties, anaesthetic assistance and for recovery room duties.	
Criterion 8.1.1.3  Critical:   Catg: Basic Process + Efficiency  Compliance  NA NC PC C  Default Severity for NC or PC = 4 Very Serious	Anaesthesia is administered only by qualified practitioners, who are privileged by the organisation to do so.	

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Criterion 8.1.1.4  Critical:  Catg: Basic Process + Patient Care  Compliance  NA NC PC C  Default Severity for NC or PC = 3 Serious	Anaesthesia is commenced and terminated only in the presence of a staff member, whose sole duty it is to assist the anaesthetist, until such time as the latter indicates that assistance is no longer required.	
Criterion 8.1.1.5  Critical:  Catg: Basic Management +  Efficiency  Compliance  NA NC PC C  Default Severity for NC or PC = 3  Serious	There is at least one suitably trained and/or experienced anaesthetic nurse per operating theatre.	
Criterion 8.1.1.6	Nurses who are trained in	
Critical: Catg: Basic Process + Patient Care Compliance  NA NC PC C  Default Severity for NC or PC = 3 Serious	recovery room care are available until the patient has fully recovered.	

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### 8.2 Facilities, Equipment, Supplies and Medications

#### 8.2.1 Standard

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Facilities for safe surgical and anaesthetic care are provided and maintained.

Standard Intent: The design of the operating theatre provides space for the reception, anaesthesia, surgery, recovery and observation of patients. Access to the operating theatre suite is controlled. Anyone entering the area is required to change into theatre attire and wash their hands.

There are areas for the disposal and collection of used equipment and waste, including contaminated waste and sharps. Safe and adequate storage space for pharmaceutical and surgical supplies is available. This includes separate lockable cupboards for medicines requiring control in accordance with legislation or organisational policy and for inflammable substances.

Theatre personnel are provided with office facilities or a day station, a restroom, washrooms, toilets, changing facilities and a separate space for their personal clothing and theatre clothing.

There are facilities for scrubbing-up procedures in each theatre, with hot and cold running water and elbow-operated taps. There is an anaesthetist's chair, an operating table with Trendelenburg position control, at least one lateral padded straight arm support, and an infusion pole. Equipment for patients awaiting surgery includes blood pressure monitoring equipment, vacuum points with ancillary fittings and oxygen points with flowmeters and all ancillary fittings. Space and facilities are available for setting up surgical trays and for autoclaving instruments.

	Criterion	Comments
		Recommendations
Criterion 8.2.1.1	The design of the operating	
Critical:	theatre complex provides space for the reception,	
Catg: Basic Management + Physical Struct	anaesthesia, surgery, recovery and observation of	
Compliance	patients.	
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 3 Serious		
Criterion 8.2.1.2	Access to the theatre suites is	
Critical:	controlled.	
Catg: Basic Management + Physical Struct		
Compliance		
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 3 Serious		

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Criterion 8.2.1.3  Critical:  Catg: Basic Management + Physical Struct  Compliance  NA NC PC C  Default Severity for NC or PC = 3 Serious	There is direct access to the operating theatres from the receiving, scrubbing-up and recovery areas.	
Criterion 8.2.1.4  Critical:  Catg: Basic Management + Physical Struct  Compliance  NA NC PC C  Default Severity for NC or PC = 3 Serious	The accommodation for patients awaiting surgery is suitably equipped.	
Criterion 8.2.1.5  Critical:  Catg: Basic Management + Physical Struct  Compliance  NA NC PC C  Default Severity for NC or PC = 4 Very Serious	There is safe and adequate storage space for pharmaceutical and surgical supplies.	
Criterion 8.2.1.6  Critical:  Catg: Basic Management + Physical Struct  Compliance  NA NC PC C  Default Severity for NC or PC = 3 Serious	There is access to sterilisation and disinfection facilities.	
Criterion 8.2.1.7  Critical:  Catg: Basic Management + Physical Struct  Compliance  NA NC PC C  Default Severity for NC or PC = 3 Serious	There is a system for controlling the environmental temperature and humidity that ensures safe limits for anaesthetised patients (temperature between 22 degrees celcius and 25 degrees celcius and relative humidity between 40% and 70%).	

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Criterion 8.2.1.8	There is either an	
Critical:	uninterrupted power supply (UPS) or a battery backup	
Catg: Basic Management + Physical Struct	system for the theatre lamp which is regularly tested, with	
Compliance	such tests being fully documented.	
NA NC PC C	accamented.	
Default Severity for NC or PC = 4 Very Serious		
Criterion 8.2.1.9	There is a functional	
Critical:	operating theatre table which is regularly tested, with such	
Catg: Basic Management + Physical Struct	tests being fully documented.	
Compliance		
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 4 Very Serious		
Criterion 8.2.1.10	The theatre has a lockable	
Critical:	refrigerator for medications, the temperature of which is	
Catg: Basic Management + Physical Struct	measured and recorded daily.	
Compliance		
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 3 Serious		

#### 8.2.2 Standard

The anaesthetic equipment, supplies and medications used comply with the recommendations of professional anaesthetic organisations, or alternate authoritative sources.

	Criterion	Comments
		Recommendations
Criterion 8.2.2.1	The provision and use of	
Critical:	anaesthetic mixture components and other peri-	
Catg: Basic Management + Physical Struct	operative medication complies with the guidelines	
Compliance	of a professional society or similar reputable professional	
NA NC PC C	body.	
Default Severity for NC or PC = 3 Serious		

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Criterion 8.2.2.2	The provision and use of	
Critical:	breathing circuits complies with the guidelines of a	
Catg: Basic Management + Physical Struct	professional society or similar reputable professional body.	
Compliance		
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 3 Serious		
Criterion 8.2.2.3	The provision and use of	
Critical:	ancillary equipment complies with the guidelines of a	
Catg: Basic Management + Physical Struct	professional society or similar reputable professional body.	
Compliance	roputable professional body:	
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 3 Serious		
Criterion 8.2.2.4	The provision and use of	
Critical:	monitoring equipment complies with the guidelines	
Catg: Basic Management + Physical Struct	of a professional society or similar reputable professional	
Compliance	body.	
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 3 Serious		
Criterion 8.2.2.5	An anaesthesia trolley is	
Critical:	available for the exclusive use of the anaesthetist in	
Catg: Basic Management + Physical Struct	each theatre.	
Compliance		
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 3 Serious		
Criterion 8.2.2.6	Expiry dates of medications	
Critical:	are checked regularly, with documented records of such	
Catg: Basic Process + Efficiency	checks.	
Compliance		
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 4 Very Serious		

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Criterion 8.2.2.7	A tracheotomy tray is available.	
Critical:		
Catg: Basic Management + Physical Struct		
Compliance		
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 3 Serious		
Criterion 8.2.2.8	Theatre personnel ensure	
Critical:	that all equipment is included in the organisation's	
Catg: Basic Process + Efficiency	equipment replacement and	
Compliance	maintenance programme.	
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 4 Very Serious		

#### 8.2.3 Standard

Emergency and protective equipment and supplies are provided in the operating theatre.

	Criterion	Comments
		Recommendations
Criterion 8.2.3.1	Emergency resuscitation	
Critical:	equipment and supplies are available.	
Catg: Basic Management + Physical Struct		
Compliance		
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 4 Very Serious		
Criterion 8.2.3.2	Emergency and resuscitation	
Critical:	equipment and supplies have clearly defined instructions for	
Catg: Basic Process + Pat & Staff Safety	use.	
Compliance		
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 4 Very Serious		

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Criterion 8.2.3.3	Emergency resuscitation equipment shows evidence of	
Critical: D	regular checking.	
Catg: Basic Process + Pat & Staff Safety	- cgg.	
Compliance		
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 4 Very Serious		
Criterion 8.2.3.4	There is a mechanism for	
Critical:	summoning assistance in the operating theatre.	
Catg: Basic Process + Patient Care Compliance		
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 4 Very Serious		
Criterion 8.2.3.5	There is appropriate shielding	
Critical:	and protective clothing in the	
Catg: Basic Management + Physical Struct	presence of biohazards (including lasers) or radiographic equipment.	
Compliance	radiograpino oquipinonii	
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 4 Very Serious		
Criterion 8.2.3.6	Hazard or warning notices	
Critical:	are displayed.	
Catg: Basic Process + Pat & Staff Safety		
Compliance		
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 4 Very Serious		

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#### 8.2.4 Standard

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Recovery room facilities and equipment are available to provide safe and effective care.

Standard Intent: The number of beds/trolley spaces in the recovery room provides sufficient space for at least one patient from each operating theatre that it services, and is sufficient for peak loads. The provision, use and maintenance of recovery room equipment comply with the guidelines for practice of the professional society.

	Criterion	Comments
		Recommendations
Criterion 8.2.4.1	The recovery area forms part	
Critical:	of the operating theatre complex.	
Catg: Basic Management + Physical Struct		
Compliance		
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 3 Serious		
Criterion 8.2.4.2	There are enough recovery	
Critical:	beds for the patients from the operating theatre.	
Catg: Basic Management + Physical Struct	jop oramig mean or	
Compliance		
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 3 Serious		
Criterion 8.2.4.3	There is adequate lighting.	
Critical:		
Catg: Basic Management + Physical Struct		
Compliance		
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 3 Serious		
Criterion 8.2.4.4	The provision, use and	
Critical:	maintenance of recovery	
Catg: Basic Management + Physical Struct	equipment comply with the professional society's	
Compliance	guidelines.	
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 3 Serious		

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#### 8.2.5 Standard

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The sterilising and disinfecting unit is designed to allow for effective sterilising and disinfecting of equipment and supplies.

Standard Intent: Even in a small one-room unit, the separation of activity sites and the flow of work

can be achieved by careful planning. There should be a dedicated area for cleaning equipment and instruments.

There are many methods of sterilising equipment. Whatever methods are used, the personnel need to ensure that the equipment used is effective. There must, therefore, be established systems for ensuring that sterility is obtained through the sterilisation processes.

The number of autoclaves required will depend upon the size of the clinic/healthcare centre and the services provided, how much is processed on site and how much is acquired prepacked and sterilised and whether the needs of both the operating theatre suite and other departments/services are catered for.

	Criterion	Comments
Criterion 8.2.5.1  Critical:  Catg: Basic Management + Physical Struct  Compliance  NA NC PC C  Default Severity for NC or PC = 3 Serious	The design of the sterilising and disinfecting unit and the layout of equipment ensure the flow of work from the soiled to the clean side of the unit.	Recommendations
Criterion 8.2.5.2  Critical:  Catg: Basic Management + Physical Struct  Compliance  NA NC PC C  Default Severity for NC or PC = 3 Serious	There is a washing and decontamination area with stainless steel sinks and running water, and a sanitary sewage system.	
Criterion 8.2.5.3  Critical:  Catg: Basic Management + Physical Struct  Compliance  NA NC PC C  Default Severity for NC or PC = 3 Serious	There is a pre-packing area with storage facilities for clean materials.	

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Criterion 8.2.5.4  Critical:  Catg: Basic Management + Physical Struct  Compliance  NA NC PC C  Default Severity for NC or PC = 3 Serious	There is a storage area for sterile packs with racks that allow for an adequate circulation of air.	
Criterion 8.2.5.5  Critical:  Catg: Basic Management + Physical Struct  Compliance  NA NC PC C  Default Severity for NC or PC = 3 Serious	Adequate light and ventilation are available.	
Criterion 8.2.5.6  Critical:  Catg: Basic Management + Physical Struct  Compliance  NA NC PC C  Default Severity for NC or PC = 3 Serious	There are one or more autoclaves or their equivalents that are capable of sterilising porous loads (gowns, drapes and dressings), as well as wrapped and unwrapped instruments.	
Criterion 8.2.5.7  Critical: O  Catg: Basic Management + Physical Struct  Compliance  NA NC PC C  Default Severity for NC or PC = 4 Very Serious	Where ethylene oxide is used as a sterilising agent, the installation complies with relevant safety standards and legislation.	
Criterion 8.2.5.8  Critical: O  Catg: Basic Process + Pat & Staff Safety  Compliance  NA NC PC C  Default Severity for NC or PC = 4 Very Serious	Autoclave sterility is tested daily and the test results are recorded.	

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Criterion 8.2.5.9	The sterility of each pack is	
Critical:	shown on indicator tapes that are suited to the processes	
Catg: Basic Process + Pat & Staf Safety	·	
Compliance		
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 4 Very Serious		

#### 8.3 Policies and Procedures

#### 8.3.1 Standard

Policies and procedures are developed relating to the activities in the operating theatre and anaesthetic service.

Standard Intent: Policies and procedures are necessary to guide the administration of the operating theatre and anaesthetic services to ensure the smooth operation of those services, and to ensure that personnel act swiftly and in a coordinated manner in an emergency. Those policies and procedures are made available to all theatre, recovery room and anaesthetic personnel, and are known and implemented.

Biohazards that need to be monitored and notified include radiation, laser and electrical hazards. Policies and procedures are available to ensure that informed consent is documented, the patient is correctly identified and the nature of and the site for surgery are correctly documented. Processes during the surgery, such as the use of instruments and counting procedures, are documented to ensure coordination and safety.

The implementation of policies will be assessed on site. For example, the assessor will require the person in charge to describe their performance step by step, while showing where and when/how to get the required equipment. At the same time, expiry dates, functioning of equipment and sterilisation issues will be checked.

	Criterion	Comments
		Recommendations
Criterion 8.3.1.1	There are written policies and	
Critical:	procedures to guide the activities of the theatre and	
Catg: Basic Process + Efficiency	the anaesthetic service.	
Compliance		
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 3 Serious		
Criterion 8.3.1.2	Policies and procedures are	
Critical: D	developed relating to the preparation of patients for	
Catg: Basic Process + Patient Care	surgery.	
Compliance		
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 4 Very Serious		

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Criterion 8.3.1.3  Critical: Catg: Basic Process + Patient Care  Compliance  NA NC PC C  Default Severity for NC or PC = 3  Serious	Policies and procedures are developed relating to intra- operative recording.	
Criterion 8.3.1.4  Critical:  Catg: Basic Process + Patient Care  Compliance  NA NC PC C  Default Severity for NC or PC = 3 Serious	Policies and procedures are developed relating to the anaesthetic service.	
Criterion 8.3.1.5  Critical:  Catg: Basic Process + Patient Care  Compliance  NA NC PC C  Default Severity for NC or PC = 3 Serious	There are guidelines relating to the administration of major regional anaesthesia.	
Criterion 8.3.1.6  Critical:  Catg: Basic Process + Patient Care  Compliance  NA NC PC C  Default Severity for NC or PC = 3 Serious	There are guidelines relating to the use of conscious sedation, where applicable.	
Criterion 8.3.1.7  Critical:   Catg: Basic Process + Pat & Staff Safety  Compliance  NA NC PC C  Default Severity for NC or PC = 4 Very Serious	Policies and procedures comply with current guidelines of the professional society.	

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### 8.4 Pre-Operative and Operative Care

#### 8.4.1 Standard

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A pre-anaesthetic assessment is conducted and recorded.

Standard Intent: Because anaesthesia carries a high level of risk, its administration is carefully planned. The patient's pre-anaesthetic assessment is the basis for that plan and for the use of post-operative analgesia. The pre-anaesthetic assessment provides information needed to:

- select the type of anaesthesia to be administered and plan anaesthetic care
- identify any drug sensitivities
- safely administer the appropriate anaesthetic, and
- interpret the findings of patient monitoring.

An anaesthesiologist or other qualified individual conducts the pre-anaesthetic assessment.

Anaesthetic care is carefully planned and documented in the anaesthetic record. The plan considers information from other patient assessments and identifies the anaesthetic to be used, the method of administration, other medications and fluids, monitoring procedures and the anticipated post-anaesthetic care.

The anaesthetic planning process includes educating the patient and his or her family or decision-maker regarding the risks, potential complications and options related to the planned anaesthesia and postoperative analgesia. This discussion occurs as part of the process of obtaining consent for anaesthesia. The anaesthesiologist or the qualified individual who will administer the anaesthetic provides this education.

	Criterion	Comments
		Recommendations
Criterion 8.4.1.1	An anaesthetic assessment	
Critical:	of the patient is performed before the anaesthesia is	
Catg: Basic Process + Patient Care	administered.	
Compliance		
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 3 Serious		
Criterion 8.4.1.2	The medical assessment of	
Critical:	surgical patients is documented before the start	
Catg: Basic Process + Patient Care	of the anaesthesia.	
Compliance		
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 3 Serious		

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#### 8.4.2 Standard

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Each patient's physiological status is monitored and recorded during anaesthesia and surgery.

Standard Intent: The anaesthetist monitors and records the physiological status of the patient during anaesthesia, and enters the anaesthetic, drugs and intravenous fluids used in the patient's anaesthetic record.

The anaesthetist has access to the patient care notes and is familiarised with the findings of the medical examination. It is important that each health professional has access to the records of other care providers, in accordance with organisational policy.

	Criterion	Comments
		Recommendations
Criterion 8.4.2.1	The patient's physiological	
Critical:	status is continuously monitored and recorded	
Catg: Basic Process + Patient Care	during anaesthesia and	
Compliance	surgery.	
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 4 Very Serious		
Criterion 8.4.2.2	The anaesthesia used is	
Critical:	entered in the patient's anaesthetic record.	
Catg: Basic Process + Efficiency		
Compliance		
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 4 Very Serious		

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#### 8.4.3 Standard

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Each patient's post-anaesthetic status is monitored, and the patient is discharged from the recovery area in accordance with accepted guidelines.

Standard Intent: Physiological monitoring provides reliable information about the patient's status during the administration of anaesthesia and the recovery period. Monitoring methods depend on the patient's pre-anaesthetic status, anaesthetic choice and the complexity of the surgical or other procedure performed during anaesthesia. In all cases, however, the monitoring process is continuous and the results are entered into the patient's record.

Monitoring during anaesthesia provides the basis for monitoring during the post-anaesthetic recovery period. The on-going, systematic collection and analysis of data on the patient's status in recovery may support decisions about moving the patient to other settings and less intensive services. Only a suitably qualified and experienced registered nurse or designated member of the medical staff may carry out monitoring in the recovery area. Recording of monitoring data provides the documentation to support discharge decisions.

The anaesthetist or other qualified individual decides whether the patient can be discharged from the recovery area to the inpatient ward or from the organisation (as in the case of ambulatory anaesthesia). Standardised criteria developed by medical personnel are used to make discharge decisions. The decision to discharge the patient from the recovery area is entered into the patient's record. The time of arrival in and discharge from the recovery area are recorded. The signatures of those who handed over and those who received the patient are recorded.

	Criterion	Comments
		Recommendations
Criterion 8.4.3.1	During the post-anaesthetic	
Critical: D	recovery period, patients receive monitoring	
Catg: Basic Process + Patient Care	appropriate to their condition.	
Compliance		
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 4 Very Serious		
Criterion 8.4.3.2	Monitoring findings are	
Critical:	entered in the patient's record.	
Catg: Basic Process + Efficiency		
Compliance		
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 4 Very Serious		
Criterion 8.4.3.3	Established criteria are used	
Critical:	to make decisions regarding the patient's discharge from	
-	the recovery room.	
Compliance		
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 4 Very Serious		

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Criterion 8.4.3.4	The decision to discharge the patient is recorded.	
Catg: Basic Process + Efficiency Compliance		
NA NC PC C	_	
Default Severity for NC or PC = 4 Very Serious		
Criterion 8.4.3.5	Recovery area arrival and discharge times are recorded.	
Catg: Basic Process + Efficiency  Compliance		
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 3 Serious		
Criterion 8.4.3.6	The signatures of those handing over and those	
Catg: Basic Process + Efficiency  Compliance	receiving the patient are recorded.	
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 3 Serious		

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